SZEKELY, Tamas, Dr.

Struma-apoplexy simulating tracheal foreign body. Orv. hetil. 98 no.42:1166-1167 20 Oct 57.

1. A Pestmegyei Tanacs Rokus Korhaza Fulosztalyanak (foorvos: Gotze Arpad dr.) kozlemenye.

(HYPERTHYROIDISM, compl.

internal hemorrh. of goiter causing tracheal obstruct. & dyspnea simulating tracheal for. body (Hun))

(TRACHEA, dis.

obstruct. with dyspnea caused by internal hemorrh. of goiter simulating tracheal for. body (Hun))

(DYSPNRA, etiol. & pathogen.

internal hemorrh. of goiter causing tracheal obstruct. & dyspnea simulating tracheal for. body (Hun))

SZEKELY. Tamas. Dr.

Otogenous meningitis recurring seven times. Ful orr gegegyogy. 4 nc.1: 22-25 Mar 58.

1. A Pestmegyei Tanacs Semmelweis (Rokus) Rorhaza Fulosztalyanak (Foorvos: Gotze Arpad Arpad dr.) kozlemenye.

(CHOLESTEATOMA, compl.

meningitis, case with 7 recur. (Hun))

meningitis, case with 7 recur. (Hun))
(EAR, MIDDLE, neoplasms
cholesteatoma causing meningitis, case with 7 recur. (Hun))
(MENINGITIS, etiol. & pathogen.
cholesteatoma, case with 7 recur. (Hun))

Post-mastoidectomy cholesteatoma. Ful orr gegegyogy 4 no.3:105-108 Sept 58.

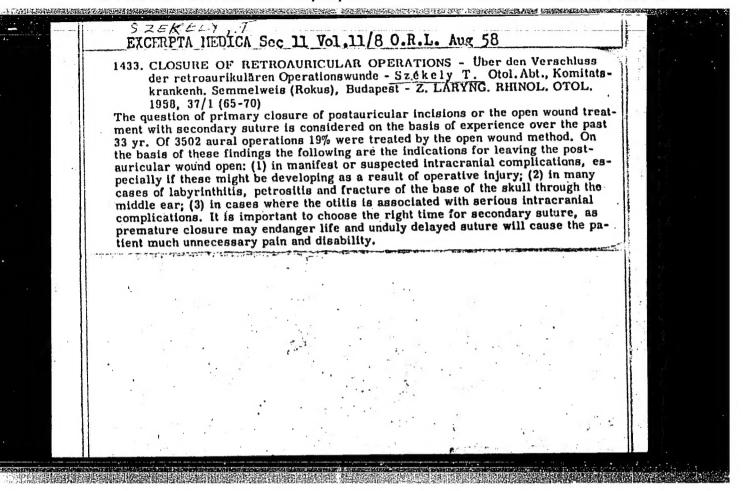
1. A Pestmegyei Tanacs Semmelweis (Rokus) Korhaza Aulosztalyanak (Foorvos: Gotze Arpad dr.) kozlemenye.

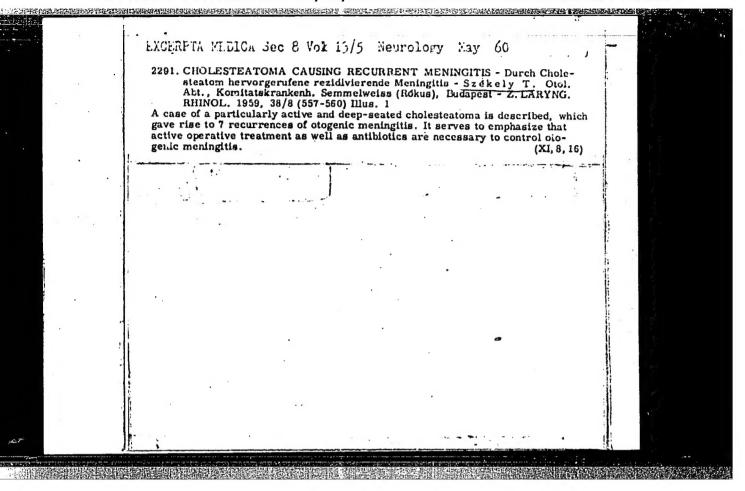
(MASTOID, surg.

post-mastoidectomy cholesteatoma (Hun))

(GHOIESTMATONA, eticl. & pathogen.

same)





SZEKELY, Tamas, dr.

Surgical results in the treatment of peripheral paralysis of the facial nerve. Fulorrgegegyogyaszat. 8 no.2:69-79 Je '62.

1. A Pestmegyei Tanacs Semmelweis (Rokus) Korhaza Fül-osztalyanak (Foorvos: Gotze Arpad dr.) kozlemenye. (FACIAL PARALYSIS surg)

LENGYEL, Bela; SZEKELY, Tamas; CZUPFON, Alfred

Hydrolysis and polycondensation of methylchlorsilane mixtures with high functionality. Magy kem folyoir 67 no.2:82-85 F '62.

1. Budapesti Eotvos Lorand Tudomanyegyetem Altalanos es Szervetlen Kemiai Intezetees Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia Muszaki Fizikai Kutato Intezete Mikromorfologiai Osztalya.

了。这种性性的,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们就是一个人,我们也不是一个人,我们也不是一个

MUHOARY

SZEKKELY, Tamas, Or; Semmelweis (Rokus) Hospital of the Council of Pest Megye (Festmegyel Tanacs Semmelwels (Rokus) Korhaza), Department of Otology (Fulosztaly) (Chief-Physician: 0072E, Arpad, Dr).

"Data on the Decompression Operation of Sell's Facial Paralysis."

Budarest, Identivogvaszati Szemle, Vol 16, No 1, Jan 63, pp 14-18.

Abstract: Among cases of peripheral facial paralysis, 75-85 % uniergo a spontaneous cure with or without conservative therapy. The etiology is not clarified but its pathology is likely to be a circulatory disorder starting with a space of the bloodyeasels supplying the facial nerve, leading eventually to damage of the axon. Today's chemical therapy, recommissing this, employs pharmacodynamic decompression. This is the basis also of modern surgical treatment in all those cases which do not respond to conservative therapy, by opening the nerve channel aiming at the elimination of compression. The timing and the method of creration are discussed based on the literature and the author's own experiences. It is concluded that when indicated the decompression operation should be performed. Of about three dozen references, 4 are Hungarian, the rest Western. 171.

SZEKELY, Tamas

An account of my study trip to the Soviet Union. Kem tud kozl MTA 19 no.2:277-278 '63.

1. Ectvos Lorand Tudomanyegyetem Altalanos es Szervetlen Kemiai Tanszake, Budapest.

是这里也是为2000年代的中央中央企业的企业的企业的企业的企业的企业的企业的企业。

LENGYEL, Bela, prof., dr. (Budapest, VIII., Muzeum korut 6-8);
GARZO, Gabriella (Mrs) (Budapest, VIII., Muzeum korut 6-8);
SZEKELY, Tamas (Budapest, VIII., Muzeum korut 6-8)

On some problems concerning the gas chromatographic analysis of methylchlorosilanes. Acta chimica Hung 37 no.1:37-51 *63.

1. Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry, Lorand Ectvos University, Budapest. 2. Editorial board member, "Acta Chimica Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae" (for Lengyel).

44608-66 EWP(j) ACC NR: AT6033138 SOURCE CODE: HU/2502/65/044/004/0373/0383 AUTHOR: Lengvel, Bela-Lendel, B. (Doctor; Professor; Budapest); Halmos, Terez-Khalmosh, T. (Budapest); Szekely, Tamas-Sekey, T. (Doctor; Budapest) B+1 ORG: Department of General and Inorganic Chemistry, Ectvos Lorand University, Budapest (Eotvos Lorand Tudomanyegyetem, Altalanos es Szervetlen Kemiai Tanszek); Research Group for Inorganic Chemistry, MTA, Budapest (MTA Szervetlen Kemiai Kutatocsoport) TITLE: Recent investigations of the hydrolysis and polycondensation of mixtures of methyl trichlorosilanen and dimethyl dichlorosilane SOURCE: Academia scientiarum hungaricae. Acta chimica, v. 44, no. 4, 1965, 373-383 TOPIC TAGS: hydrolysis, polycondensation, silane ABSTRACT: Mixtures of methyl trichlorosilane and dimethyl dichlorosilane were subjected to hydrolysis under carefully adjusted experimental conditions. The correlation between the distribution of molecular weight in the primary hydrolysis product and the composition of the system to be hydrolyzed was established. Furthermore, the effect of the pH value, and of various cations and anions were also considered and conclusions were drawn as to the assumed mechanism of the hydrolysis-polycondensation process. Orig. art. has: 10 figures, 6 formulas and 1 table. [Based on authors' Eng. abst.] [JPRS: 33,540] · K. SUB CODE: 07 / SUBM DATE: 15Dec64 / ORIG REF: OO1 / OTH REF: 010 Card 1/1 blg

B-9

SZEKELY, TAMAS

HUNGARY/Physical Chemistry - Kinetics Combustion.

Explosives. Topochemistry. Catalysis.

: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 3771 Abs Jour

Szekely Gabor, Szekely Tamas Author

: Investigation of Chemical Reactions Involving Exchange Title

of Radicals of Organosilicon Compounds by the

Probability Theory Method.

: A magyar tud. akad. Alkalm. mat. int. kozl., 1954, Orig Pub

(1955), 3, No 1-2, 99-113:

By means of stochastic processes an investigation is made Abstract

of the reactions involving an exchange of radicals of organic silicon halides. Probability values that give the relative energies of activation, are determined from kinetics of a system, depending upon reaction mechanism. On disregarding the dispersion a correlation is provided between mean overall concentration and time. Equilibrium

constants are determined on the basis of steady state concentrations.

Card 1/1

- 113 -

EMMAS, SZENELY, ,

HUNGARY/Organic Chemistry - Synthetic Organic Chemistry:

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/13/2001

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 14, 1956, 46030

Bela Lengyel, Tamas Szekely Author

Academy of Sciences of Hungary Inst

Methylation of Silicon Tetrachloride. Title

: Magyar tud. akad. Kem tud. oszt. közl., 1957, 8, No 4, Orig Pub

427-433

The conditions of the reaction of SiCl₄ (T) with $(CH_3)_3Al_2Cl_3$ (II) /equimolar mixture of CH_3AlCl_2 + Abstract

(CH₃) AlCl7 were studied. The mixture of I and II (1.562 to 1.69: 1) was heated at 2500 in an autoclave (in N₂, initial pressure 10 to 20 atm) and Si(CH₃)₄ (III), /(CH₃)₃SiCl7 (IV), I, CH₃SiCl₃ and

Card 1/2

HUNGARY/Magnetism - Ferrites and Ferrimagentism.

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur Fizika, No 11, 1959, 25139

Author

: Szekely, Tamasne

Inst

Title

: Certain Problems in the Investigation of Ferrites in

the Range of Audio Frequencies

Orig Pub

: Meres es automat., 1958, 6, No 9, 275-277

Abstract

: Problems are discussed concerning the investigation of properties of certain types of ferrites, used in the audio frequency range, developed in the Research Institube for Communication. Particular attention is paid to the problem of the influence in the change of one of the ferrite parameters on its remaining characteristics.

Card 1/1

- 53 -

CIA-RDP86-00513R001654420020-7" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/13/2001

H/005/61/000/002/001/002 B124/B203

15.8/16 2209,1372

Lengyel, Béla, Székely, Tamás, and Czuppon, Alfréd

AUTHORS:

TITLE:

Hydrolysis and polycondensation of mixtures of methyl-

chloro silanes of high functionality

PERIODICAL:

Magyar Kémiai Folyóirat, no. 2, 1961, 82-85

TEXT: The functionality of polycondensates of organic chlorosilanes is determined by the chloride content of the chlorosilanes used as initial substances. There are many publications on polymers built up from bifunctional groups, their formation and physicochemical properties, whereas there are no published data on systems with much higher average functionality than two, and a C/Si ratio smaller than two; the latter are practically used under the name of silicone resins and silicone varnishes. The authors studied methyl siloxane systems formed in the first reaction phase with high average functionality. They looked for a quantitatively measurable property of the hydrolyzate, which depended on the parameters characterizing the hydrolysis, and thus permitted the determination of a relation between the conditions of hydrolysis and the

card 1/9

Hydrolysis and polycondensation ...

H/005/61/000/002/001/002

properties of the product. Experience has shown that the result of hydrolysis, or of primary polycondensation, is mainly determined (1) by the average functionality of the system, (2) by the functionality difference of monomers, (3) by the pH of the hydrolyzing medium, type and concentration of dissolved cations, and (4) by the method of hydrolysis. It is known that the effect of average functionality does not only appear in siloxanes but also in other high polymers. The functionality, however, differs very much for various systems of monomers. Table 1 gives the gel formation capacity of hydrolyzates with a C/Si ratio = 1.3 obtained from (CH₃)₂SiCl₂ (in the following D) and CH₃SiCl₃ (in the following T) on the one hand, and from SiCl₄ (in the following Q) and (CH₃)₂SiCl₂, on the other. Gel formation capacity means the percent by weight of the part of the condensate unsoluble in the organic solvent, which had passed from the sol to the gel state. The polydispersity of the system increases with the functionality difference of monomers. From the point of view of cocondensation, it is convenient to conduct hydrolysis with a small amount of water dissolved in the organic solvent since both the rate of hydrolysis and that of polycondensation drop in this case. When conducting the

Card 2/9

Hydrolysis and polycondensation ...

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hydrolysis with pure, water-saturated butyl acetate at a dropping and mixing rate at which constant equilibrium is maintained, it was possible to obtain fully reproducible results. With rising pH and in the presence of magnesium ion, the polycondensation rate drops, and co-condensation is thus promoted. The diffusion constant was determined with an apparatus described in Ref. 2 (0. Lamm: Nova acta Reg. Soc. Sci. Upsala, 10, 6, 1937) and, since the $\partial c/\partial x$ - x curves yielded no ideal Gauss curve (Fig. 1), the constant was calculated by the moment method described in Ref. 3 (N. Gralen: Kolloid Z., 95, 188, 1941) from the relation

 $M_2/(M_0 \cdot 2\beta^2 t) = 1/(c_1 - c_2) \int_{c_2}^{1} Ddc = \overline{D}$, where M_0 is the zeroth moment, i.e.,

the planimetrically determined area below the curve, t is the time in sec, c is the concentration (g/100 ml of solution), and β is a constant, in this case equal to 10². The diffusion constant is a function of concentration. It rises noticeably (Table 2) in hydrolysis in a basic or buffered medium. Magnesium ions have a similar effect on hydrolysis as a rise in pH. In the concentration range of 5-8%, D is practically independent of the

H/005/61/000/002/001/002 B124/B203

Hydrolysis and polycondensation ...

initial concentration co, and the numerical difference of diffusion constants drops. For the further evaluation of experimental data, the Boltzmann method was used, the applicability of which was proven (Fig. 2). Some typical data are given in Table 3 and Fig. 3; they show that a rise in pH in the hydrolyzing medium always effects an increase in the diffusion constant referred to the same concentration, except for the concentration range with small D_c . Hence, it follows that the diffusion constant of the primary hydrolyzate rises with the pH and in the presence of certain cations such as Mg²⁺. It is known, however, that the increase in the diffusion constant in solutions of equal concentration corresponds to a decrease in the mean molecular weight. The established shape of the diffusion curves with a minimum indicates that besides the osmosis factor also the hydrodynamic factor is of importance (Ref. 5: J. Rosenberg, and C. O. Beckmann: J. Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci., 46, 209, 1945), which is due to the fact that the siloxane skeleton also contains silanol groups, the presence of which was also proven by several other authors. The decrease in the mean molecular weight of methyl-siloxane sols with rising

Card 4/9

21718 H/005/61/000/002/001/002 B124/B203

Hydrolysis and polycondensation ...

pH in hydrolysis, as well as the drop in gel formation capacity in Q-D systems under otherwise equal conditions indicates a decrease in polydispersity corresponding to the increase in co-condensation. This paper was read at the IUPAC Symposium in Wiesbaden in 1959. There are 3 figures, 3 tables, and 5 non-Soviet-bloc references. The two references to English-language publications read as follows: J. P. Price, S. G. Martin, and J. P. Bianchi: J. Polym. Sci., 22, 41, 1956; J. Rosenberg, and C.O. Beckmann: J. Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci., 46, 209, 1945.

ASSOCIATION:

Budapest, Eötvös Lorand Tudomanyegyetem Altalanos es Szervetlen-Kemiai Intézete (Budapest, Lorand Eötvös University, Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry), M. Tud. Akad. Müszaki Fizikai Kutato Intezete Mikromorfologiai Osztálya (Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Institute of Technical Physics, Department of Micromorphology)

SUBMITTED:

May 10, 1960

Card 5/9

 SZPKFLY, Tamas
Newer trends in developing silicon chemistry. II. Magy kem lap 16 no. 8:362-367. Ag '61
 Ectvos Lorand Tudomanyegyetem Altalancs es Szervetlen Kemiai Intezet.
•

EPF(c)/EWP(j)/I L 01106-66 HU/2502/64/041/003/0269/0280 ACCESSION NR: Garzo, Gabriella (Budapest); Szekely, Tamas AUTHOR: TITLE: Studies on thermal processes in cross-linked organosilicon of microreactor - gas chromatography SOURCE: Academiae scientiarum hungaricae. Acta chimica, v. 41, no. 3, 1964, 269-280 TOPIC TAGS: organosilicon compound, polymer, gas chromatography, thermodynamics Abstract: A method was developed for the study of the thermal processes in various cross-linked organosilicon polymers. It involved the gas chromatographic analysis of the thermal decomposition or pyrolysis products obtained at various temperatures and other experimental parameters. The gas chromatograph used was the Pye Argon Chromatograph (W. G. Pye & Co. Itd., Cambridge, England) equipped with a 120-cm. glass column packed with 10% AFM [composition not specified] on 80-120 mesh Celite. Column temperature was 100°C; carrier gas flow rate, 30-50 ml./min. Some examples were described and discussed. 8 formulas, 1 graph and 2 tables. ASSOCIATION: Lehrstuhl fur Allgemeine und Anorganische Chemie der L. Ectvos Universitat, Budapest (Department for General and Inorganic Chemistry, L. Ectvos Card 1/2

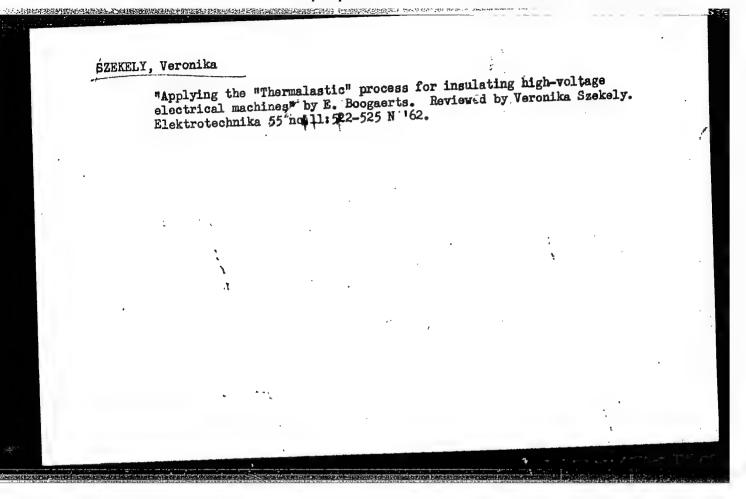
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SZEKELY, Tamas, dr.

Our experiences with surgical decompression in "rheumatic" peripheral facial paralysis. Orv. hetil. 105 no.49:2329-2333 6 D '64.

1. Pestmegyei Tanacs Semmelweis (Rokus) Korhaz, Fulosztaly.

SOURCE CODE: HU/2502/65/045/004/0301/0311 AT/RM EWP(i) L 46224-66 7T6034084 ACC NR AUTHOR: Fritz, Denes--Fritts, D.; Garzo, Gabriella; Szekely, Tamas-Sekei, T.; 811 Till, Ferenc ORG: Department of General and Inorganic Chemistry, L. Ectvos University, Budapest; Research Group for Inorganic Chemistry, Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest TITIE: Anomalous response of the flame ionization detector to organosilicon compounds SOURCE: Academia scientiarum hungaricae. Acta chimica, v. 45, no. 4, 1965, 301-311 TOPIC TAGS: organosilicon compound, gas chromatography, chemical laboratory apparatus An inversion of the gas chromatographic peaks of organosilicon compounds can be observed when detection is done by flame ionization detector. This effect also appears under conditions where a hydrocarbon gives normal and well-evaluable peaks. The following factors have been studied concerning their influence of the peak inversion: flow rates of the fuel and scavenging gasos, the chemical nature of the sample, and the voltage of the detection. The inverted peaks estat the gaschromatographic estimation of the characteristic C/Si ratio of an unknown organosilicon compound. A flame ionization detector operating with a mixed hydrogen-hydro arbon flame detects organisilicon compounds as negative peaks. On this basis, such detectors are recommended for use in the qualitative analysis of organosilicon compounds. Orig. art. has: 6 figures and 4 tables. [Or. 4. art. in Eng.] [JPLS: 33,906] SUB CODE: 07 / SUBM DATE: 15Dec64 / OTH REF: 007 Card 1/1mjs



SZEKELY, Vladimir; SAROSSY, Jozsef

An interference method for measuring the nonlinearity of television pictures. Kep hang 10 no. 3:80-83 Je '64.

HUNGARY

SZILAGYI, Geza, Dr. SZEKELY, Zsigmond, Dr. OTKI IV. Medical Department and Pest Megye Council Semmelweis Hospital, II. Surgical Ward (OTKI -- Orvostudomanyi Tovabbkepzo Intezet -- Institute for Advanced Medical Studies -- IV. sz. Belgyogyaszati Tanszeke es a Pestmegyei Tanacs Semmelweis Korhaza, II. sz. Sebeszet), Budapest.

"Fluctuation of the Reduced GlutathiomsLevel of Erythrocytes After Gall Bladder Surgery."

Budapest, Magyar Sebeszet, Vol XVI, No 4, Aug 1963, pages 243-246.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] The reduced glutathiomelevel of erythrocytes and the glutathiomeindex have been tested before and after operation in 42 cases of gall bladder and ll cases of other abdominal surgery. Depending on the kind of surgery performed, both values showed an increase 2-3 days after the operation which was followed by a decrease in the values. Normal equilibrium was reestablished only 1-2 weeks later. In cases of inflammation or carcinoma, this increase was absent and a decrease of the values was noted instead. The phenomena can be explained by the state of stress of the liver cells and by their increased outflow. In states of chronic stress the production and outflow can not be increased further. All 16 references are Western.

1/1

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HETEJ, Sandor; HAJOS, Laszlo; SZEKELY, Zoltan

Testing motor vehicles by tensiometer. Jarmu mezo gep 8
no.9:322-334 S *61.

1. Jarmufejlesztesi Intezet kutatomernoke.

RUMANIA / Inorganic Chemistry: Complex Compounds. C
Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 8, 1959, 26742.

Abstract: evidence for the formation in the solutions of isopolymolybdates (I) and isopolytungstenates (II):
In the case of I, the condensation of the MoO42radicals under the action of H+ ions proceeds according to the scheme Na20·MoO3 H+ (Na20·3MoO3)

(2Na20·3MoO3) H+ 5Na20·12MoO3 H+ 3Na20·12MoO3
H+, MoO3·xH20. The authors have found that an equilibrium between these forms is established in solution, each form existing at a specified H+ concentration. At a H+: Mo ratio of 1.5, the polymeric molecules decompose with the production of MoO3xH20. In the case of II, the condensation proceeds according to the scheme Na20·WO3 H+ 5Na20·12WO3 H+ 4Na20·12WO3 H+ 3Na20·12WO3 H+ WO3xH20. The compound 4Na20·12WO3 is completely destroyed after

Card 2/3

RUMANIA / Inorganic Chemistry. Complex Compounds.

Approved For Release: 07/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001654420020-7"

Abstract: days. The condensation of the radicals also proceeds in the presence of other electrolytes, e.g., NaNO3. It is shown that the n of an aqueous solution of I changes with time, whereas no change is observed in the case of II. The action of HNO3 on K2XrO4 gives only K2Cr2O7.

S/081/62/000/005/028/112 B149/3101

AUTHORS:

Ripan, Raluca, Kiss, Gabriela, Szekely, Z,

TITLE:

The spectrophotometric determination of hexavalent uranium

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 5, 1962, 153, abstract 5D86 (Studii și cercetări chim. Acad. RPR Fil. Cluj, v. 11,

no. 2, 1960, 259-266)

TEXT: A spectrophotometric method for the determination of U^{6+} in the form of an orange-colored complex with salicylaldoxime (I) (molar ratio U:I=1:1) has been worked out. The optimum pH is 8.50-9.50. The color intensity increases if the concentration of I is increased up to a 20-fold excess, thereafter becoming stable. The color develops during 20 min remains stable for as long as a day. Maximum light absorption of the complex is at 400 mu; at this wave length the reagent absorbs a considerable amount of light. Beer's law is satisfied at a U concentration of 10-60 V/MI and 450 mg (at the latter wave length I does not absorb, but the sensitivity of the determination is somewhat lower). 5 ml of freshly prepared

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The spectrophotometric...

S/081/62/000/005/028/112 B149/B101

 $4.2 \cdot 10^{-2}$ M solution of I (34-fold excess), and 7 ml of 0.05 M solution of borax (to ensure $p\bar{n}=9.18$) are added to the neutral or slightly acid solution of U⁶⁺ (up to 1500 yU). The mixture is diluted with water to 25 ml and examined spectrophotometrically at 400 m μ . An analogous solution of I is used as a blank. Fe³⁺, V⁵⁺, CN⁻, CO₂²⁻, citrates and tartrates interfere with these determinations, whilst the following do not: (in y/ml, with U content = 50 y/ml) SO₄²⁻ 6000, Cl⁻ 3000, F⁻ and CH₃COO 2000 and Th 300. To prepare the reagent 0.5756 g I are dissolved in 3-4 ml of ethancl heated in water at 80°C, kept warm until I is completely dissolved (without stirring), made up to 100 ml and filtered. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

CONSTITUTION, C.

Automatically controlled calculating machines. p. 423. (MACYAR TWOMNIKA, Budapest, Hungary), Vol. 9, No. 8, Aug. 1954.

So: Eenthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 5, May 1955.

SZEKELY-DOBY, Sandor

Utilization of the basic principles of railroad safety appliances in heavy-current automatics. Villamossag 8 no.7: 209-212 Jl '60.

1. Telefongyar kutatomernoke.

MADAR, Janos, dr.; LAKATOS, Maria, dr.; SZEPE, Lajos, dr. (Egyek); SZEKELYFOLDI, Jczsef, dr.; RACZ, Irma, dr.

Experience with the introduction of intensive measures against dysentery. Nepegeszsegugy 43 no.5:142-145 My '62.

1. Kozlemeny a Hajda-Bihar megyei Kozegeszsegugyi-Jarranyugyi Allomasrol (igazgato: Madar Janos dr).

(DYSENTERY BACILLARY prev & control)

MADAR, Janos, dr.; LAKATOS, Maria, dr.; RACZ, Irma, dr.: SZEKELYFOLDI, Jozsef, dr.

Study on stepping-up the effectiveness of the control of abdominal typhus in Hajdu-Bihar County. Nepegeszsegugy 44 no.9:268-271 S '63.

1. Kozlemeny a Hajdu-Bihar megyei Kozegeszsegugyi-Jarvanyugyi Allomasrol (igazgato: Madar Janos dr.).

(TYPHOID) (MASS SCREENING TECHNICS)

(EPIDEMIOLOGY) (COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CONTROL)

SZEKELY FOLDI, Jozsef, dr.

Epidemiological studies done in relation to mass ice cream poisoning caused by Staphylococcus. Nepegeszsegugy 44 no.6: 181-183 Je 163.

在我们的种类了开始的种类的。据说就是是这种特别的正常的的对象,这么是这些的特别的关键的。 第一章

1. Kozlemeny a Hajdu-Bihar megyei Kozegeszsegugyi-Jarvanyugyi Allomasrol (igazgato: Madar Janos dr.).

(FOOD POISONING)

(STAPHYLOCOCCAL INFECTIONS, GASTROINTESTINAL)

(ICE CREAM)

	The importance of grain slicing in the villing industry and agriculture. Periodica polytechn. chem 3 no.3:220-234 '59. (EFAI 9:6)							
	(Grain)	(Agriculture)		-				
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			·					

Importance of grain slicing in the milling industry and in agriculture. Periodica polytechn.eng 3 no.4:367-387 '59. (EEAI 9:7) (HungaryMilling machinery) (Grain) (Seed)	
•	•

DONASZY, Erno, dr.; SZEKELYI, Arpad

Graphic representation of fish catching results. Hidrologiai kozlony 40 no.4:330-336 Ag '60.

1. Orszagos Mezogazdasági Minosegvizsgalo Intezet, Budapest.

SZEKELYNE EGRI, Zsuzsanna, okleveles epiteszmernok, tudomanyos fomunkaters

Some thoughts about manpower housing. Bany lap 98 no.3: 179-182 Mr 165.

1. Institute of Industrial Economics and Plant Organization of the Ministry of Heavy Industry, Budapest.

GOMORI, P.; ZOLANI, B.; NAGY, Z.; JAKAB, I.; MESZAROS, A.; Technical assistance: KARAI, A.; SZEKER, A.; VAJDA, V.; VERES, A.

The problem of renal ischaemia and of the arterio-venous anastomoses of the kidney. III. New corrosion studies in dehydration, haemorrhagic, traumatic and ischaemic shock, arterial hypoxia and after serum albumin treatment. Acta med. Acad. sci. Hung. 20 no.2:169-183 '64.

1. Second Department of Medicine (director: prof. P. Gomori) and Institute of Anatomy (director: prof. J. Szentagothai), University Medical School, Budapest.

SZEKER, E.

SCIENCE

FERIODICALS: ACTA ZCOLCOICA. Vol. 19, No. 3

GEODEZIA ES KARTOGRAFIA Vol. 10, No. 3, 1958

Szeker, E. Remark on the article "National Land Survey." p. 218

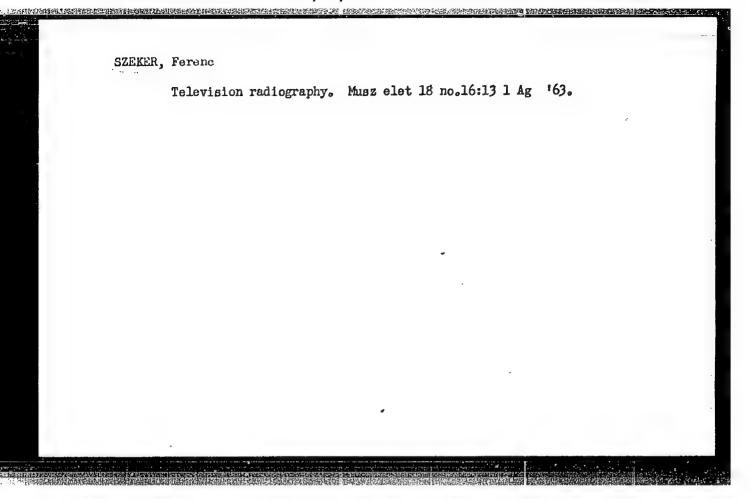
Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 2 February 1959, Unclass.

SZEKER, F.

"The Tecnetron and Spacistor." p. 27

MAGYAR HIRADASTECHNIKA. (Hiradastechnikai Tudomanyos Egyesulet) Budapest, Hungary, Vol. 10, No. 1, Feb. 1959

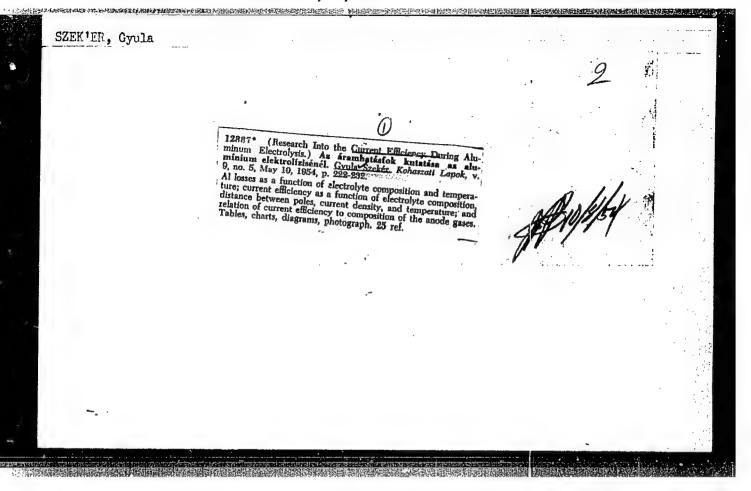
Monthly Listof East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 6, June 1959 Uncl.

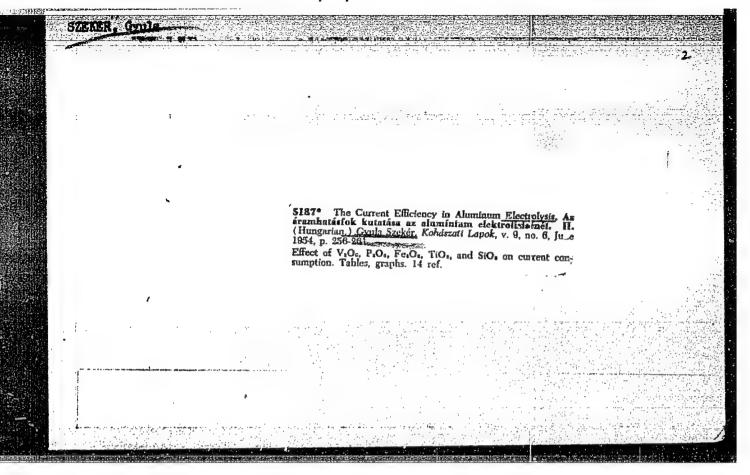


SZEKER, Ferenc, dr.

Nuclear sources of electric currents and the possibilities of their application in the field of telecommunication engineering. Hir techn 15 no. 1: 1-12 Ja 164.

l. Posta Kiserleti Intezet.

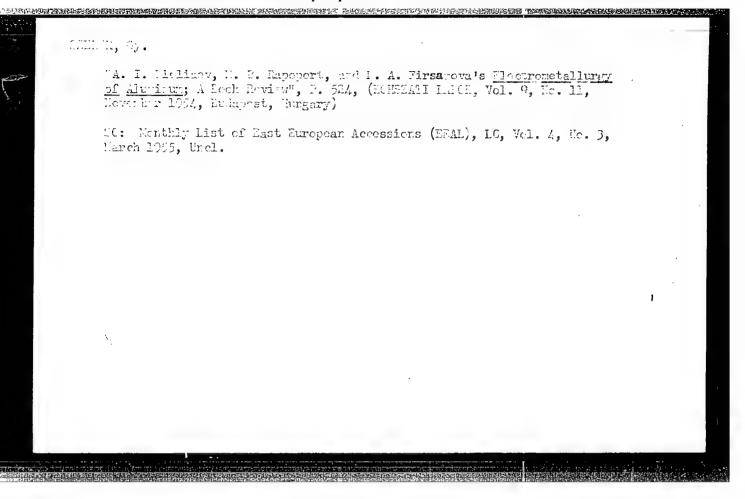


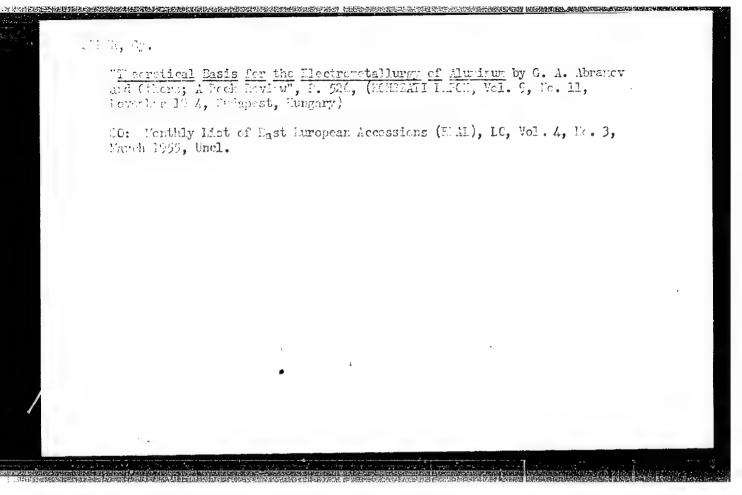


SZEKER, GY.

Investigation of the useful effect of current in the electrolysis of aluminum. Pt. 3. p. 411. KOHASZATI_LAPOK. (Magyar Banyaszati es Kohaszati Egyesulet) Budapest. Vol. 9, no. 9, ept. 1954.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL), Library of Congress Vol. 5, no. 6, June 1956



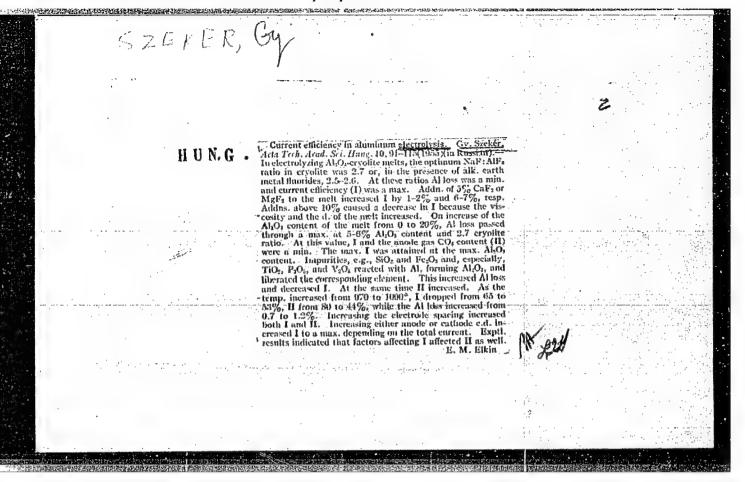


SZEKER, Gy.

100 years of aluminum. p. 557.

(KOHASZATI LAPDK, Bundapest, Vol. 9, no. 12, Dec. 1954.)

SO: Monthly list of Last European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, no. 4, Jan. 1955, Uncl.



SZEFER, TY.

Tasks for the aluminum industry during the second Five-Year lan. p. 437 (Kohaszati Lapok Budapest Vol. 11, no. 10, Oct. 1956 Kohaszati Lapok. Vol. 11, no. 10)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) IC., Vol. 6, no. 7, July 1957. Uncl.

H/012/60/008/009/001/001 B122/B227

AUTHOR:

Szeker, Gyula, Deputy Minister, Candidate of

Technical Sciences

TITLE:

Instruments and automation in the chemical industry

PERIODICAL: Mérés és Automatika, v. 8, no. 9, 1960, 259 - 263

TEXT: This is an address of the author to the Országos Müszerezési Konferencia (National Conference on Instrumentation) of June 13, 1960. He deals with the program of instrumentation and automation in connection with the development plan of the chemical industry laid down in the decisions of the VIII Congress of the MSZMP (Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party) on the second Five-year Plan to end in 1965. The principal output targets for the second Five-year Plan to end in 1965. The principal output targets for 1965 were: 730,000 t of nitrogen fertilizers, 650,000 tons of phosphate 1965 were: 39,000 t of plastics (thermoplastics included as a new profertilizers, 39,000 t of plastics (thermoplastics included as a new product), increase of the output of man-made fibers, development of the petroduct), conversion of the nitrogen fertilizer industry to natural gas fuel, production of PVC, of synthetic detergents, development of the rubber in-

Card 1/3

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Instruments and automation in ...

dustry (increase of the service life, retreading of tires), development of the light metals industry, increase of the output of caustic sods, improvements in oil refining (Danube Petroleum Combine for processing Soviet crude), etc. A survey of the state of instrumentation and automation of chemical plants has been made and these have been classified as follows: 1) works where process-control equipment is on the spot; 2) where such equipment serves for production units; 3) where several process units are remote-controlled from a central data-recording system. Expressed in percentages, 50% of the chemical industry has process instrumentation and/ /or automatic control. Oil fields rank first with 70%, next follows the heavy chemical industry (68%), the third is the nonferrous metals industry (63%), while oil refineries and the organic chemical industry are lagging behind with 52% and 48%, respectively. The difficulties of attaining 100% are due to: shortage of trained personnel, large stock of instruments out of use, unsatisfactory servicing, lack of agility in the instrument trade, lack of electric or electro-pneumatic regulating systems, lack of general contractors for design and installation. The lack of the following special instruments is particularly felt: Flow meters for pulps and highly

Card 2/3

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Instruments and automation in ...

viscous fluids, measuring instruments for fluids in closed vessels, compensographs for general regulation, process pH-meters, rotameters and other instruments for remote indication. The Ministry opened extra-curricular training courses on a two-days' conference a month basis and each chemical works had to train an engineer or chemist to be responsible for instrumentation and automation. The following trainees got honorable mentions at the close of the course: Môri König, Gyula and Kaminszky, Tibor (both Magyar Viszkóza Gyár - Hungarian Rayon Works); Sztaricska, Ferenc (Biogál Gyogyszergyár - Biogal Drugworks); Dankó, József (Budafai Kőolaj Vállalat - Budafa Oilfield); Ballai, Károly (Almásfüzitői Timföldgyár - Almásfüzitő Alumina Works); Takács, Laszló (Székesfehérvári Könnyüfémmü - Székesfehérvár Light Metalworks); Huszár, Miklós, (Almásfüzitői Kőolajipari Vállalat - Almásfüzitő Oil Refinery); Háda, Sándor (Pécsi Koksz-Müvek - Pécs Coking Works).

SUBMITTED:

June 25, 1960

Card 3/3

SZEKER, Gyula

Development of the chemical industry in the Second Five-Year Plan; directives and tasks. Magy kem Jap 15 no.3:93-103 Mr '60.

1. Nehezipari Miniszterhelyettes, Budapest.

On the publication of books on the chemical industry. Musz elet 15 no.10:16 My '60. (EEAI 9:8) (Hungary--Chemical industries) (Hungary--Publishers and publishing)

ERDEY-GRUZ, Tibor, akademikus (Budapest); CHOLNOKY, Laszlo; SZABO, Zoltan; SZEKER, Gyula, kandidatus; FOLDI, Zoltan; LANGYEL, Sandor, a tudomanyok doktora; TAKACS, Pal, kandidatus

An account of the 1960 work of the Section of Chemical Sciences, Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Kem tud kowl MTA 15 no.4:401-460 '61,

1. Osztalytitkar, Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia Kemiai Tudomanyok Osztalya, Budapent es Szerkeszto, Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia Kemiai Tudomanyok Osztalyanak Kozlemenyei(for Erdey-Gruz) 2. Lev. tag, Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia Kemiai Tudomanyok Osztalyanak Kozlemenyei(for Cholnoky, Szabo, Foldi) 3. Szerkesztobizottsagi tag, Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia Kemiai Tudomanyok Osztalyanak Kozlemenyei(for Lengyel)

(Hungarian Academy of Sciences) (Hungary-Chemistry)

SZEKER, Gyula, dr.

The role of automation in the development of the chemical industry in Hungary. Meres automat 10 no.11/12:333-335 162.

1. Miniszterhelyettes, Nehezipari Miniszterium, Budapest.

SZEKER, Gyula

Instrumentation and automation in the Chemical Industries Section of the Second Five-Year Plan. Magy kem lap 15 no.10:429-431 162.

1. Nehezipari miniszterhelyettes, Budapest.

SZEKER, Cyula; HEGEDUS, Tibor

The level of concentration in the production of Hungary's chemical industries. Magy kem lap 17 no.4:151-154 Ap '62.

SZEKER, Gyula

Development of the chemical industry and the 8th congress of our Party. Magy kem lap 18 no.1:8-11 Ja *63.

1. Nehezipari miniszterhelyettes, Budapest.

SZEKER, Gyula, dr.; SZEKERES, Gabor

Some experiences concerning the use of the technical development fund in the chemical industry. Magy kem lap 18 no.6:249-253 Je 163.

1. "Magyar Kemikusok Lapja" foszerkesztoje (for Szekeres).

SZEKER, Gyula, dr.

Most important technical trends in the development of the Hungarian chemical industry during the period of the long-range plan, 1961-1980. Magy kem lap 19 no. 1: 1-9 Ja '64.

1. Nehezipari minisz er elso helyettese.

SZEKER, Gyula, a muszaki tudomanyok kandidatusa

"Electrometallurgy of aluminum" by A. I. Bjeljajev [Belyayev, A. I.], M. B. Rapoport, L.A. Firszanova [Firsanova, L. A.]. Reviewed by Gyula Szeker. Koh lap 9 no. 11: 524-526 N '54.

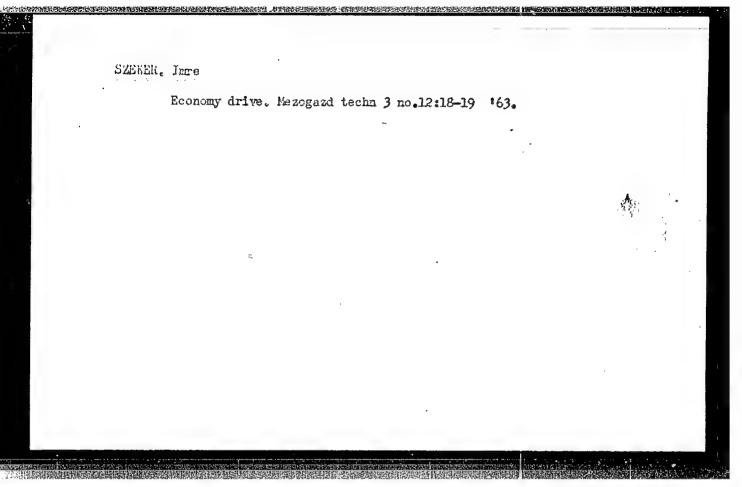
"Theoretical foundations of electrometallurgy of aluminum" by G.A. Abramov, M.N. Vetjukov [Vetyukov, M. N.], I.G. Gupalo, A.A. Kosztjukov [Kostyukov, A. A.], L. N. Lozskin [Lozskin, L. N.]. Reviewed by Gyual Szeker. Ibid.; 526-527.

SZEKER, Gyula

Hungarian chemical industry in the past 20 years. Magy kem lap 20 no.4:169-176 Ap '65.

1. First Deputy Minister of Heavy Industry, Budapest.

SZEKE	R, Imre		•	
	To the attenti 1 no.1:6 '61.	on of tractor drivers!	Mezogazd techn	
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· 100 4765-1910年代表现的研究的国际和国际的企业的企业和企业的企业。

SZINAY, Gyula,; SZEKER, Janos.

Chronic granulomatous lymphangitis of the stomach. Kiserletes orvostud. 7 no.3:333-336 May 55.

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem II. sz. Korbonctani Intesete. (STOMACH, diseases, granulomatous lymphangitis)

SZIMAY, Gyula,; SZEKER, Janos.

Ulcus-neurinoma. Kiserletes orvostud ? no.4:437-440 July 55.

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Reyetem II. sz. Korbonctani Intezete.

(PETIC ULCER, complications,
neurilemmoma)

(NEURILEHHOMA,
stomach, on ulcer cicatrix),
(STOMACH, neoplasms,
neurilemmoma after ulcer)

FORNADI, Ferenc, dr.; SOOS, Imre, dr.; SZOBOR, Albert, dr.; SZEKER, Janos, dr.

Contributions to the pathology of hepato-cerebral degeneration (HCD). Ideg. szemle 9 no.3:85-90 June 56.

1. A Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Elme- es Idegkortani Klinikaj. (igaz.: Nyiro, Gyula, dr.) es II sz. Korbonctani Intezetenek (igaz: Haranghy, Laszlo dr.) kozl. (HEPATOLENTICULAR DEGENERATION atypic, pathol. (Hun))

GORACZ, Gyula; SZEKER, Janos

Changes of the nervous elements of the intestinal wall in congenital megacolon, Kiserletes orvostud, 10 no.1:108-112 Feb 58.

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Hayetem III. sz. Korbonctani Intezete.

(MEGACOLON, pathol.

nervous structures of intestinal wall in congen, megacolon, histopathol. (Hun))

SZEKER, Janos, dr.

A case of malignant myoma. Magy noorv. lap. 24 no.1:40-42 Ja 161.

1. A Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem I sz. Noi Klinikajanak kozlemenye (Igazgato: Horn Bela dr. egyet. tanar)

(UTERUS NEOPLASMS case reports)
(LEIOMYOMA case reports)

CSOMOR, Sandro, dr.; KONYA, Zoltan, dr.; SZEKER, Janos, dr.

Serum protein fractions in subjects with cervical cancer. Magy. onkol. 6 no.2:77-82 My '62.

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, I. Noi Klinika. (CERVIX NEOPLASMS blood) (BLOOD PROTEINS)

L 13417-66

ACC NR: AP6006637

SOURCE CODE: HU/0021/65/000/002/0103/0106

AUTHOR: Konya, Zoltan-Kon'ya, Z. (Doctor); Csomor, Sandor-Chomer, Sh. (Doctor)

Szeker, Janos-Seker, Ya. (Doctor)

ORG: I. Gynecological Clinic, Medical University of Budapest (Budapesti

Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, I. sz. Noi Klinika)

TITLE: Changes in the serum protein fraction of women with carcinoma of the reproductive organs during radiation treatment

SOURCE: Magyar radiologia, no. 2, 1965, 103-106

TOPIC TAGS: carcinoma, biochemistry, protein, radiology, radiotherapy, blood, radiation biologic effect, pathology

ABSTRACT:
were determined during the irradiation treatment of 33 women with cancer.
The paper electrophoretic method revealed a decrease in the albumin value and in the A/G ratio, and an increase in the globulin value, especially that of the al. a2 and gamma fractions. These changes were proportional to the radiation dose administered. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 1 table. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 002 / OTH REF: 012

Card 1/1 HW

SZEKER, K.

Adequate industrial water supply as a significant factor for decreasing prime cost, p. 261, MAGYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA (Textilipari Muszaki es Tudomanyos Egyesulet) Budapest, No. 7, July 1956

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (ETAL) Library of Congress, Vol. 5, No. 11, November 1956

LUKO, Geza, dr.; SZEKER, Kalman, dr.

On reoperations and their indications following cholecystectomy. Orv hetil 104 no. 28:1309-1311 J1 '63.

1. Kapuvari Jarasi Tanacs Korhaza, Seveszeti Osztaly. (CHOLECYSTECTOMY)

Urology

HUNGARY

SZEKER, Kalman, Dr., ASZTALOS, Bela, Dr.; Nograd Megye Council Hospital, Surgical Ward (chief physician: LUKO, Geza, Dr.) (Nograd Megyei Tanacs Korhaza, Sebeszeti Osztaly), Salgotarjan.

" 'Cholelithiasis' Caused by Ascariasis."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 108, No 11, 12 Mar 67, pages 510-511.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] A case of choledochus ascariasis is described which had symptoms similar to those of cholelithiasis. The clinical aspects of ascariasis of the bile ducts and the therapeutic possibilities are discussed. 4 Eastern European, 6 Western references.

2473 1/1

H

HUNG/RY/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. Dyeing and Chemical Treatment of Textile Fabrics.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 6, 1959, 21905

Author : Hornung, Jozsef; Szeker, Kalman

Inst : Influence of Chromium Dye on the Breaking

Resistance of Wool.

Ori: Pub: Magyar textiltechn., 1958, 10, No 3, 101-

102

1904年起日本中国的西部的国际中国的国际中国的国际中国的国际中国的国际的国际的国际

Abstract: In laboratory (and partially in plant) con-

ditions, the effect of materials which were used during chromium dyeing on the breaking resistance (BR) of wool fibers was studied. During boiling of worsted wool in distilled

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HUNG/RY/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. Dyeing and Chemical Treatment of Textile Fabrics.

并到有**的方法是由此**信息的利用品质的主意的的对象。

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 6, 1959, 21905

water, a marked decrease of BR is observed even in 60 minutes; in 4 hours, the BR fall comprises 5-10 percent. During a comparison of the influence of H₂SO₄, HCOOH and CH₃COOH, it developed that HCOOH exerts a less harmful influence on the fiber than does CH₃COOH and H₂SO₄. The effect of Na₂SO₄ and NaCl was found to be almost identical. The influence of K₂Cr₂O₇ was studied in a mutral solution and in the presence of the acids named. From the data cited, it is clear that all three acids investigated soften the destructive effect of

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HUNGARY/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. Dyeing and Chemical Treatment of Textile Fabrics. H

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 6, 1959, 21905

K₂Cr₂O₇; in the presence of HCOOH, losses of resistance are less significant.

During laboratory dyeing of wool with three dyes (anilchromium-black T, acid anthracene dyes (anilchromium blue SBP), it was brown RH, eriochromium blue SBP), it was brown that BR decreases by 14-14 percent in found that BR decreases by 17-19 percent the presence of HCOOH and by 17-19 percent in the presence of CH₃COOH. Summarizing the in the presence of wool, the conclusion that under any conditions for conducting chromium dyeing of wool, the decrease in resistance of the fiber comprises 14-20 percent. -- S. Rozenfel'd

card : 3/3

H-166

HORNUNG, Jozsef, okleveles vegyeszmernok; SZEKER, Kalman, okleveles vegyeszmernok

New trends in wool dyeing. Magy tertil 14 no.12:559-562 D 162.

1. Magyar Posztogyar.

HORNUNG, Jozsef, fokleveles vegyeszmernok; SZEKER, Kalman, okleveles vegyeszmernok

New trends in the development of wool dyeing machines. Magy textil 15 no.8:378-384 Ag '63.

LUKO, Geza, Dr. SZEKER, Kalman, Dr; Hospital of the Jaras Council, Surgical Ward (Jarasi Tanacs Korhaza, Sebeszeti Osztaly), Kapuvar.

"Indications for Reoperation After Gall Bladder Surgery."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 104, No 28, 14 July 1963, pages 1308-1311.

Abstract: The authors describe the causes of postoperative complaints in gall bladder surgery. Remaining mechanical obstructions are indications for reperation. Symptoms of these are presented in the article with qualifying remarks. The usefulness of intraoperative cholangiographic control is stressed. Several cases observed by the authors are described. 7 Hungarian, 8

1/1

Tith : Water Pests of Rice

Orig Pub: Agrartudomany, 1957, 9, No 6, 31-36

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001654420020-7"
Abstract: No abstract

Card : 1/1

SZEKERES, Bela, okleveles gepeszmerok

Economical demand of pressure as the new aspect in planning steam consuming installations. Ipari energia 4 no.12: 280-283 D'63.

1. Hoenergiagazdasagi es Tervezo Vallalat.

SZEKERES, Bela, okleveles gepeszmernok

Economical dimensioning of establishments for saving energy.
Energia es atom 16 no.12:550-553 D '63.

1. HOTERV.

VELKEY, Laszlo, dr.; KIBEDY, Flora, dr.; MESZAROS, Klara, dr.; SZEKERES, Erzsebet, dr.

Our experiences with 304 antrotomies in infancy. Gyermekgyogyaszat 14 no.6:167-172 Je '63.

- 1. Borsod megyei Semmelweis korhaz (igazgato: Pavlyak Pal 🚓.)
- I. sz. Gyermekosztalyanak kozlemenye. (Foorvos: Kostyas Laszlo dr.).
 (INFANT, NEWBORN, DISEASES) (STAPHYLOCOCCAL INFECTIONS)
 (MASTOIDITIS) (SEPTICEMIA) (MEINIGITIS) (OTITIS)

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SZEKERES, G.

"Report on the inquiry concerning summer production exercises." p. 202. (Magyar Kemikusok Lapja, Vol. 8, no. 7, July 1953, Budapest)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol 3, No 2, Library of Congress Feb 54 Uncl

BAKOS, Miklos; SZEKERES, Gabor; LIENERTH, Aladar; FEHER, Zoltan; FUTO, Laszlo; SZANTAY, Balazs

An account of the 1961 ACHEMA.I. Technological installations. (To be contd.) Magy kem lap 17 no.1:30-43 Ja '62.

1. Vegyterv, es "Magyar Kemikusok Lapja" szerkesztosegi titkar (for Bakos). 2. "Magyar Kemikusok Lapja" foszerkesztoje(for Szekeres).

(Germany, West-Chemical engineering-Apparatus and supplies)

ERDEY-GRUZ, Tibor, akademikus; DABRONAKI, Gyula, dr.; FODOR, Gyorgy, dr.; KOCZOR, Istvan; KORANYI, Gyorgy, a kemiai tudomanyok doktora; LORINC Imre, a kemiai tudomanyok kandidatusa; SZEKERES, Gabor, dr.; PILLICH, Lajos, fomernok; PURMAN, Jeno; SZANTAY, Csba, akemiai tudomanyok kandidatusa; SZANTO, Istvan, dr., a kemiai tudomanyok kandidatusa; TOROK, Gabor, a kemiai tudomanyok doktora

Report of the Board of the Department of Chemical Sciences, Hungarian Academy of Sciences. Kem tud kozl MTA 20 no. 2:139-198 '63.

1. Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia Kemiai Tudomanyok Osztalya titkara; "A Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia Kemiai Tudomanyok Osztalyanak Kozlemenyei" szerkesztoje (for Erdey-Gruz).

2. Elelmezesugyi miniszter elso helyettese (for Dabronaki).

3. Tiszai Vegyi Kombinat igazgatoja (for Fodor). 4. Szerves Vegyipari Kutato Intezet igazgatoja (for Koczor). 5. Nehezvegyipari Kutato Intezet igazgatoja (for Koranyi). 6. Nehezipari miniszter helyettese (for Lorinc). 7. Kobanyai Gyogyszerarugyar (for Pillich). 8. Nehezipari Miniszterium foosztalyvezetoje (for Purman).

9. Akademiai Alkaloidkemiai Kutato Csoport(for Szantay).

10. Bernetei Vegyimuvek igazgatoja (for Szanto).

SZEKER, Gyula, dr.; SZEKERES, Gabor

Some-experiences concerning the use of the technical development fund in the chemical industry. Magy kem lap 18 no.6:249-253 Je 163.

1. "Magyar Kemikusok Lapja" foszerkesztoje (for Szekeres).

SZEKERES, Gabor

Hungarian Chemical Society in the past 20 years. Magy kem lap 20 no.4:177-182 Ap '65.

1. Editor-in-Chief, "Magyar Kemikusok Lapja", Budapest.

SZEKERES, I.

Estimating the state of autumn cereals. p. 6. (Magyar Mezogazdasag, Vol. 11, no. 6, Mar. 1956 Budapest)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accession (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 7, July 1957. Uncl.

SZEKERES, I.

SZEKERES, I. Cultivation of maize sown in squares. p. 7.

Vol. 11, No. 9, May 1956. MAGYAR MEZOGAZDASAG AGRICULTURE Budapest, Hungary

So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 2, Feb. 1957

SZEKERES, I.

SZEKERS, I. - Systems for moving pieces of work in the line of automatic machines. p. 373.

Vol. 8, no. 10, Oct. 1956

GEP - Budapest, Hungary

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Vol. 6, No. 4-April 1957

